

# INDIA@75

(Quiz on 'Slogans' raised during Indian Freedom Movement)

1. "Jai Hind" : He was one of the most influential leaders of his time. This was the first commemorative postmark of our independent country, now used as a slogan and salutation almost everywhere in India.

- A. Mahadev Govind Ranade
- B. Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose
- C. Lala Lajpat Rai
- D. Mangal Pandey

2. "Vande Mataram" : A poem from his novel Anandmath in 1882, written in Bengali and Sanskrit. Being praise to the motherland, it has played a vital role in our freedom movement.

- A. Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel
- B. Shivaram Rajguru
- C. Rash Behari Bose
- D. Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay

3. "Swaraj Mera Janamsiddh Adhikar hai, Aur Main ise Lekar Rahunga" : A popular slogan adopted by him was coined by Kaka Baptista in our fight for independence. Not only did this slogan motivated people to fight for their rights, but also provoked the love for country in the hearts of thousands of people.

- A. Ram Prasad Bismil
- B. Ram Singh Kuka
- C. Rani Lakshmi Bai
- D. Bal Gangadhar Tilak

4. "Jai Jawaan, Jai Kisaan" : This is a slogan that awakens the inner-most sentiments of 'Jai Hindustan' in the hearts of Indians even in today's era. Acknowledging the efforts of our soldiers and farmers, this slogan gave a new dimension to our freedom struggle.

- A. Lal Bahadur Shastri
- B. Motilal Nehru
- C. Mangal Pandey
- D. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad

5. 'Satyamev Jayathe' : "Truth alone triumphs" is the literal meaning of the above slogan. It has not only been adopted as the national motto of India but is also inscribed in script at the base of our national emblem.

- A. Khudiram Bose
- B. Lakshmi Sahgal
- C. Lala Hardayal
- D. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya

6. "Inquilab Zindabad" : This slogan awakened the feeling of patriotism in the youth of India during those days. The urge to lay their lives for their motherland and to get her free from the clutches of Britishers, this slogan embarks an important event in the fight for freedom.

- A. Dadabhai Naoroji
- B. Bhagat Singh
- C. Jawaharlal Nehru
- D. Chittaranjan Das

7. "Sarfaroshi Ki Tamanna, Ab Hamare Dil Mein Hai" : A patriotic poem by him, later used as a slogan in the struggle challenged the authority of British rulers. Enlightening the need of the hour, this slogan urged people to fight for what was right.

- A. Chandra Shekhar Azad
- B. Bipin Chandra Pal
- C. Begum Hazrat Mahal
- D. Ramprasad Bismil

8. "Dushman ki goliyon ka hum samna karenge, Azad hee rahein hain, Azad hee rahenge" : The Jallianwala Bagh Massacre that left hundreds of unarmed innocent people dead, lead to a profound effect on him that made him use this slogan and fight for his country.

- A. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- B. Abdul Gafar Khan
- C. Ashfaqulla Khan
- D. Chandra Shekhar Azad

9. "Aaram Haraam hai" : Not a single sigh of relief did our freedom fighters took till they freed their motherland from the claws of British Government.

- A. Lala Lajpat Rai
- B. Mahatma Gandhi
- C. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- D. Jawaharlal Nehru

10. "Tum Mujhe Khoon do, Mai Tumhe Azaadi Doonga" : Urging the youth of India to join the Indian National Army in the struggle for independence of India, he used this slogan. This inspired thousands of young minds to sacrifice their lives for their motherland.

- A. Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose
- B. Bhagat Singh
- C. Khudiram Bose
- D. Sukhdev Singh

11. Who gave the slogan "Go back to vedas" ?

- A. Jaggi Vasudev
- B. Swami Vivekananda
- C. Ramana Maharshi
- D. Swami Dayananda sraswati

12. Who gave the slogan "Do or Die" to the nation ?

- A. V D savarkar
- B. Mahatma Gandhi
- C. Bala gangadhara tilak
- D. Subhash chandra bose

13. Who gave the slogan "Dams are the temples of modern india"?

- A. K L Rao
- B. Dr.A P J Kalam
- C. Jawaharlal Nehru
- D. Sardar Vallabhai patel

14. Who gave the slogan "Swaraj(Freedom) is my birth right" to the nation ?

- A. Subhash chandra bose
- B. Bala gangadhara Tilak
- C. Sarojini Naidu
- D. Bhagat singh

15. Who gave the slogan "Dilli Chalo" to the nation ?

- A. Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose
- B. Mahatma Gandhi
- C. Jawahar Lala Nehru
- D. None of these